

# TITUSVILLE MORNING HERALD.

VOL 1 N. W. & H. C. BLOSS.  
Publishers and Proprietors.

TITUSVILLE, WEDNESDAY MORNING, JULY 12, 1865.

My Capital, \$5,000 per week. 1 NO. 24.

## Titusville Morning Herald.

Established by  
N. W. & H. C. BLOSS.  
TERM—10 Millions Dollars per year, \$100,000  
By Cash 25 Cents per week.

### NOTES OF INVESTIGATING.

No. of Inquiries	1	2	3	4
One hour	1	2	3	4
Two hours	1	2	3	4
Three hours	1	2	3	4
Four hours	1	2	3	4
Five hours	1	2	3	4
One week	1	2	3	4
Two weeks	1	2	3	4
Three weeks	1	2	3	4
Four weeks	1	2	3	4
Five weeks	1	2	3	4
Six weeks	1	2	3	4
Seven weeks	1	2	3	4
Eight weeks	1	2	3	4
Nine weeks	1	2	3	4
Ten weeks	1	2	3	4
Eleven weeks	1	2	3	4
Twelve weeks	1	2	3	4
Thirteen weeks	1	2	3	4
Four months	1	2	3	4
Five months	1	2	3	4
Six months	1	2	3	4
Seven months	1	2	3	4
Eight months	1	2	3	4
Nine months	1	2	3	4
Ten months	1	2	3	4
One year	1	2	3	4

### BUSINESS CARDS.

#### Advertisers.

JOHN P. CULVYER,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor,  
Land Surveyor, Town Lots and Old Territory in  
Land, Maps and Plans made with accuracy and  
attractive neatness.

#### CITY SURVEYOR.

Office in Spring Street, one door east of Franklin  
House, Crawford's, Pa., my 100.

#### ANDREW B. HOWLAND,

Civil Engineer and Surveyor,  
Office near McCay House,  
TITUSVILLE.

#### BUSINESS CARDS.

LAND agent in business. Located and Subdivi-  
ded. Lots given. Building and Topographical  
maps. Maps and sketchy survey description cor-  
rectly and artistically executed.

#### REGGERS & C. ADY,

Civil Engineers and Surveyors.

Office in Spring Street, one door east of Franklin  
House, Crawford's, Pa., my 100.

#### WILLIAM S. MORRIS,

Attorney at Law. Legal business carefully  
attended to. He refers to the members of the  
Bar. His office, 101 Main Street, East of the  
National Bank, Titusville, Pa.

#### Hotels.

##### Merchants Hotel.

STANDING STABLE, TITUSVILLE, PA  
A. C. TRUE & CO. Proprietors

WE have just completed a very generous for  
the last 100 days.

Having been engaged for the last 100 days.

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Dead or alive I will have  
What the eagle quits his nest it is to  
seek for prey worthy of his talons. If he  
desires a pitifully carcass, it is because  
his instinct prompts him to feed upon the  
quivering flesh of an expiring victim. The  
old Blue-Beard motto—"dead or alive I  
will have some," is now of his, but it is  
bowed and meek to the vulture, and to the  
vultures in human form that despoil the  
living and the dead. Through the weary  
days of the last four years all the foul birds  
have had high carnival, soaring, swooping,  
plucking and gorging to repulsion, if  
that were in any way possible, while the  
gray wings of slavery darkened the land  
as before, though happily they are now  
broken and the broad light of liberty  
shines upon us.

Not with the emancipation proclamation,  
certainly, with the last gasp of the  
rebellion, slavery ceased to exist; never-  
theless certain of the shirks, clinging to  
the false notions of a decayed aristocracy,  
and shocked at the very thought of per-  
petuating manual labor themselves, have  
been striving to establish a sort of peonage  
by which they hoped to pluck the  
body when life was extinct. In Virginia,  
it seems, some of these gently waited to  
place the blackamoor condition like that  
of the laborers in the States of the South-  
ern Continent—that is, to hold them to  
compulsory labor until the debts they  
might incur should be paid. Who does  
not see that if this scheme were adopted,  
the poor creatures, ignorant and guided  
largely by animal instincts, would fall  
deeper and deeper into debt every day,  
until the remotest probability of freedom  
would disappear?

Our readers are doubtless familiar with  
this unscrupulous system of peonage, and  
how the planter plunders at his pleasure  
the unfortunate wretches subject to his  
control. The poor "peon," as he is called,  
toils on from morning to night, chewing  
perhaps a little cocoa, if he can get it  
as a stimulant, until wearied with abuse  
and drudgery he abounds, as our slaves  
used to do, only to fall into the clutches  
of a more detestable tyrant. Who ever  
heard of a South American peon getting  
the effect of a

Think of her citizens stooping to the in-  
numerable meanness of preying upon the  
remnants of their own decayed system! If this is noble or chivalric, we want nothing  
to do with nobility or chivalry! Those  
Virginians are not above the miserable  
shift of trying to oppress under borrowed  
names, in the hope that they may continue  
to live at their ease. Having rushed  
into a contest which from its very nature  
was destined to overthrow the existing or-  
der of things, and having failed in what  
they undertook to do, they ought to have  
the manliness to submit with becoming  
resignation to their fate. But we must be  
charry of words with these gentlemen,  
What they require is the sharp logic of  
force, and nothing else will answer; and  
hence it is gratifying to notice that the  
military authorities made short work with  
their schemes, and nipped in the very  
bud.

It would be a poor consolation to know  
of slavery's death, and yet be fully con-  
scious of the establishment of a kind of  
oppression almost equal to it in atrocity.  
No! the great heart of the American people  
has pulsated, and their lips have spoken,  
and henceforth there must be no  
vestige of unrequited labor in our broad  
domain. If any of the inhabitants of the  
Southern States cannot breathe the new  
inspirations and accept the new life, let  
them leave, and we can supply their places  
with the very sum of Northern industry  
and energy.

## Loans to Pay Bounties.

The Supreme Court of Pennsylvania  
have delivered an opinion which is of  
much importance to the holders of loans  
and bonds issued by various cities, bor-  
oughs, towns and counties in the State,  
and which settles beyond civil the rights  
of such classes of creditors. The Legis-  
lature, by act of April 25, 1864, authorized  
such communities to issue bonds and no-  
tificate loans for the purpose of paying  
bounties to encourage volunteering, and  
to relieve their citizens from the burdens  
of the draft, giving power also to levy  
taxes to pay the principal and interest of  
such loans. The borough of Blairstown  
having proposed to borrow \$5,000 for such  
a purpose, some citizens of that place  
made application to the Common Pleas of  
Indiana County to restrain the borough  
from proceeding in that negotiation. The  
ground taken in opposition was, that the  
act was unconstitutional, and that the Leg-  
islature had no power to pass it. The  
Court of Indiana county did not accept  
this view, and the injunction was refused.

This was then taken to the Supreme  
Court, where it was twice argued—once  
to Philadelphia and once at Harrisburg.  
The question seems to have been care-  
fully considered by the five judges, and at  
last we have their decision. The Court,  
by Justice Agnew (Justice Reed and Strong  
concurring), decide that the act was con-  
stitutional, and that all loans negotiated  
by virtue of its provisions are valid.

The Emperor of the French is said to  
have already received for his right of au-  
thorship of the first volume of the "Life  
of Caesar" £1,600.

Far, far away the cannon's thunder comes,  
That for so long resounded loud and loud;  
And out of War's red ashes rises Pelee,  
While from the land rolls off the battle-cloud.

Toured the far West we, people of the North,  
With answering shout and smile of welcome,  
turn.

While from Misouri's iron hills rings forth  
The grand unfaltering chorus, "We return!"

Up from the fertile fields of Tennessee  
Rise the glad ridges to the sunlit sky;  
Northward they roll upon the winds, and we,  
With, "Welcome! welcome! welcome!" make  
the reply.

Come one, come all, come every sister State  
Back to the Union! let the old land cease,  
And let of party pride, and bitter hate,  
Vanish before the pure white dawn of Peace.

Come underneath the old flag; see it wave  
Proudly above the nation's pillars done;

Here in our land Oppression finds its grave—  
Henceforth it shall be only Freedom's home.

And statesmen in our hills, with wisdom bright,  
Shall meet in council where old ways were met;

From sea and far, the men of liberal thought  
And set the bounds of greatness wider yet—

Till envious lands shall look upon our own  
With jealous eye, and to her for aid.

The weak shall cling, while on his torturing  
throne.

The Old World despot half-shrinks back afraid.

Come then, ye sister States! telling the cry  
Of welcome as to thee our gaze we turn;  
While swell the glorious tunings to the sky  
In one undividing hymn, "We return!"

## Seward and Stanton.

A statement is going the rounds—originated  
by a sensation Sunday journal in New York—that Mr. Stanton is to  
leave the Cabinet by his own desire, and  
will be succeeded by Preston King,  
whose appointment is made proper by  
the fact that Secretary Seward has ex-  
pressed a desire to be relieved of his port-  
folios.

We are able to state, upon the best au-  
thority, that there is no foundation in  
truth for this rumour. Mr. Stanton en-  
joys the perfect and unlimited confidence  
of the President. No member of the Gov-  
ernment is stronger in his position. He  
has not expressed a determination to vac-  
ate his post; nor is there any desire  
that he should do so, save among those  
whose schemes have been baffled by the  
unflinching integrity and patriotic  
straightforwardness with which he has  
discharged the duties of the War Office.

Mr. Seward, physically weakened by his  
terrible injuries from accident and from  
attempted murder, and suffering from  
the agonies of such dispensations as sel-  
dom accumulate upon the head of any man,  
would consult his own desires and  
personal comfort were he to withdraw at  
once from public life, and seek, in calm  
retirement sweetened by the admiring  
and gratitude of his countrymen,

which he so greatly needs,  
and an exhausting career of  
service. This fact is not unknown to  
President Johnson. But he has expressed  
an earnest wish that Mr. Seward shall  
not deprive himself or the country of the  
benefits of his profound knowledge and  
his splendid statesmanship. In obedi-  
ence to the dictates of lofty patriotism, the  
Secretary consents to forgo the gratifi-  
cation of his wishes. Those who are  
building hopes of personal aggrandizement  
upon the anticipation that either  
Mr. Stanton or Mr. Seward will leave  
the Cabinet, are likely to suffer a dis-  
appointment which will be very gratifying  
to the people of the country.—*Albany Journal*.

TONSADS IN VIROQUA, Wisconsin.—On  
the 28th day of June, 1863, a whirlwind  
swept through the county of Vernon, in a  
course from west to east, uprooting trees,  
sweeping away fences, barns and dwelling  
houses, until it reached the county seat,  
involving the court house, razing the  
Times' printing office to its foundation,  
demolishing the new stores of M. C. Nich-  
ols and D. B. Priest, and the store of  
John Dawson, the Methodist Episcopal  
Church, a blacksmith shop, and houses  
were ruined. Most of them were lifted  
from their foundations, dashed in pieces,  
and the fragments were scattered to the  
four winds of heaven; then, continuing  
its course, we have heard of it for a distance  
of ten miles, razing with unabated  
 fury, and still rushing onward. Seventeen  
lives were lost, and more cannot survive,  
besides many maimed and mutilated. By  
this awful calamity men of energy and  
influence are reduced to poverty. At least  
one hundred and fifty persons are home-  
less, wanting food, and destitute of wear-  
ing apparel. Anything which will afford  
relief will be thankfully received and faithfully  
appropriated. Remittances may be  
addressed to D. B. Priest, chairman, Vi-  
roqua, Vernon county, Wisconsin.

MARSH.—LEW WALLACE OF MEXICAN  
AFFAIRS.—Major General Lew Wallace has  
written a long letter to a military friend  
on the idea of voluntary emigration to  
Mexico for the purpose of taking up arms  
in the Liberal cause, in which he declares  
that to do so would be no infringement of  
international law, nor would it be prevented  
by President Johnson. He encourages  
the measure on the ground that Presi-  
dent Juarez is "fighting our battles,"  
that the neutrality of the United States  
Government is a recognition of Maximil-  
ian, and that the conduct of Napoleon in  
Mexico is a fraud upon England and Spain,  
and violation of the tripartite convention  
of those powers with France in 1861. The  
General goes into a long history of French  
aggression in Mexico, and strongly urges  
that now is the time, while the Juarez  
Government still exists, for Americans to  
throw their power on its side. He thinks  
that the fraternization of the North and  
South will be facilitated by a foreign war.  
He says:

Until the "Rob" and the "Fed" show  
more under the old flag: let them show  
the French filibuster how they fought  
each other: above all, give them to win  
victories at Matamoras and San Louis Po-  
tosi; give them to carry the port of Benito  
Juarez in triumph back to his ancient city  
of Mexico, and they will quit talking about  
Shiloh and Chancellorsville, Gettysburg  
and Chickamauga.

The drivers of no fewer than 3,000  
huckney vehicles in Paris have struck for  
an increase of wages from 20 to 50 per  
day.

The Emperor of the French is said to  
have already received for his right of au-  
thorship of the first volume of the "Life  
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## MOREY FARM

## PIT HOLE

## OIL COMPANY.

Capital \$3,000,000.

ALBERT G. MOREY, President, Sec. and Treas.

DANIEL BURTIS, Vice-Pres.

JEROME F. WILSON, Superint.

Choice Oil Land to Lease

On this Company's

## MOREY FARM

between and adjoining the famous U. S. flowing well, and the

## HOMESTEAD

(for Moreyland)

## FLOWING WELL.

on Titusville Creek, and lying the entire length of the farm adjoining the celebrated Hopeton Farm, and now

## FULLY DEMONSTRATED

to be the VERY BEST FLOWING OIL WELLS

Territory in the entire

## Oil Regions of PENNSYLVANIA.

Apply for Leases at the Morey Farm Hotel, or  
at the Company's Office, opposite the Moore Hotel,  
Titusville, Pa., June 5th, 1863.The following is a list of Oil  
operators who have secured leases  
on the

## MOREY FARM

for immediate development.

Jonathan Watson, Titusville, Pa.

26 Lots.

Geo. C. Carpenter, Cherry Run  
Pa., 4 Lots.S. H. Gridley, Titusville, Pa., 3  
Lots.

W. F. Neal, Franklin, Pa., 1 Lot.

Sam. Thomas, Waterloo, N. Y., 2  
Lots.

P. D. Neff, Center Hall, Pa., 1 Lot.

J. Armstrong, Oil City, Pa., 1  
Lot.Charles Reddy, Titusville, Pa.,  
1 Lot.John Bush, Bush House, Titus-  
ville, Pa., 1 Lot.P. W. CARPENTER, Cherry  
Run, 1 Lot.EDMOND EDGERTON, James-  
town, N. Y., 1 Lot.HIRAM A. COATS, Cherry Run,  
1 Lot.O. P. COATS, Cherry Run, One  
Lot.F. B. BALDWIN, Cherry Run,  
1 Lot.BYRON TUTTLE, Hornellsville,  
N. Y., 1 Lot.GORDNIER, Watson Flats, Ti-  
tusville, Pa., 3 Lots.

Lockwood &amp; Clark, 1 Lot.

## A. J. Marsh One lot;

James P. Burtis, Titusville, 6  
Lots.

L. H. Tideman, Jamestown, N. Y., 1 Lot.

E. Wrightman and J. E. Richards, Oil  
Creek, 3 Lots.

John O'Neill, Oil Creek, 4 Lots.

Balcock, Hall &amp; Co., N. Y., 2 Lots.

Burtis &amp; Tuttle, Rochester, N. Y., 1 Lot.

V. T. Jones, Titusville, 2 Lots.

W. H. Bell, Oil Creek, 3 Lots.

J. Hill, Oil Creek, 3 Acres.

W. McMullen, Oil Creek, 2 Acres.

N. Y. Pithole Creek Petroleum Comp'y  
5 Acres

## QUIMBY &amp; CHURCH'S COLUMN

## The Rarest Chance GEO. B. REED &amp; CO.

is offered to the people of Northwestern

Agents for the purchase and sale of

WELLS, LEASES, &amp;c.

Also agents for the

TITAN IRON WORKS,

(of Jersey City.)

## PORTABLE ENGINES

Which are SECOND TO NONE now in

use in the OIL REGIONS.

They are connected with the BOILER

either by a bed plate, or by saddles, as

may be desired. There are no extras, but

included are, PUMP, HEATER, GOV-  
ERNOR, SAFETY VALVE, STEAM  
GAUGE, SUCTION PIPE, SMOKE  
PIPE, &c. The Piston Rod is of STEEL,  
the Crank of Wrought Iron and extra  
heavy.Every bolt is turned, and hole reamed  
out. The Pump is attached to the Cylinder,  
and is so arranged that by a simple  
adjustment it can be prevented from freezing.The Governor is Pickering's Patent,  
which gives great uniformity of motion.The Boilers are made of the best PENN-  
SYLVANIA CHARCOAL IRON—SHELL1 1/4 inch, and Fire Box 5 1/4 inch thick  
and are subjected to a cold water pressure  
of 150 pounds before leaving the Works.They are adapted for burning either  
coal or wood, dry or green.The water passes from the HEATER  
into the BOILER at the heating point.In estimating CAPACITY, 14 FEET  
of heating surface per horse power is allowed;

which are SECOND TO NONE now in

use in the OIL REGIONS.

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